

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

IdentificationDioctyl PhthalateTrade NameKRONTRO-DOP

CAS# 117-81-7

Product use Plasticizer. PVC compounds (footwear, films, sheeting, palmation,

materials, tubing, electric cables and wires, vinyl floors and others)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Recommended Restrictions} & \text{Not available} \\ \textbf{Synonym(s)} & \text{Not available} \\ \textbf{Chemical formula} & \textbf{C}_{24}\textbf{H}_{38}\textbf{O}_{4} \\ \textbf{Company information} & \text{Magnakron Corp.} \end{array}$

300 Rike Drive

Millstone Twp., NJ, 08535

732-928-5800

Info@magnakron.com
24 Hour Emergency Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

response Information

Classification system adopted

Chemtrec number CCN620540

Section 2: Hazards identification

Most important hazards May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Product effects Adverse Human Effects: May damage reproduction. May cause irritation to eye, skin, and respiratory and gastrointestinal tracts.

May cause Central Nervous System depression.

Environmental Effects: May cause harmful effects to aquatic life. Physical and Chemical Hazards: May produce acrid smoke and

fumes if burning.

Main Symptoms: May cause difficulty breathing. May cause

redness, pain, burning sensation, lacrimation,

photophobia, conjunctivitis, edema, and keratitis to eyes. Nausea, abdominal colic, and diarrhea. Irritation to throat and nose European Chemical Bureau – European Community: Directive

67/548/EEC (substances).

Hazard Class and Category: Reproductive toxicity - Category 2.

Risk Phrases:

R60: May impair fertility

R61: May cause harm to the unborn child.

Classification system adopted Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of

the Council of December 16, 2008.

Hazard Class and Category: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1B Risk Phrases: H360FD; May damage fertility. May damage the

unborn child.





Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Components	CAS#	Percent
Dioctyl Phthalate (Magnum-DOP)	117-81-7	-

Section 4: First aid measures

First aid procedures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air and keep at rest. Monitor respiratory function.

If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If necessary, give artificial

respiration. Seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash with plenty of

soap and water. Seek medical attention.

Eye Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical

attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth of victim with plenty of water. DO NOT induce

vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical attention.

Notes to physician Avoid contact with this product while helping the

victim; keep the victim warm. Symptomatic treatment should include, above all, measure of support as correction of hydro

electrolytic and metabolic disturbances.

Section 5: Fire-fighter measures

Suitable extinguishing media Combustible if heated. Compatible with dry chemical, water spray,

carbon dioxide, and polyvalent foam.

Specific hazards arising from May produce acrid smoke and fumes if burning.

the chemical

Protective equipment and

precautions for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing

precautions for firefighters apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers,

boots, and gloves).

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions Remove ignition sources. Do not touch damaged containers or

spilled material unless wearing appropriate clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use protective gloves, safety goggles, and

protective clothing.

Environmental precautions Product may cause harmful effects to aquatic life. Prevent from

entering into watercourses, sewerage, and confined areas.

Methods for containment Not available

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Methods for cleaning up

Appropriate Containment Techniques: Collect product and place in an appropriate sealed container. In case of significant spill, contain it with earth dikes, sand, vermiculite, or other inert material. Appropriate Clean-Up Procedures: Discard any product, waste, container, or wrapper available in an appropriate manner as not to harm the environment, according to federal regulations, state, and local. Inappropriate Containment or Clean-Up Techniques: Do not discard directly in the environment or sewage network.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Handling Avoid inhalation, contact with skin and eyes. Do not handle near

incompatible materials. Use proper personal protective equipment **Storage**Keep only in original container, in a cool, dry, well-ventilated

place. Keep away from food. Store locked up. Keep out of reach of

children. Avoid static electricity by grounding.

Hygiene measures Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke

when using this product. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or going to the toilet. Take off all contaminated clothing

and wash before reuse.

Incompatible products Strong oxidants, acids, and alkalis

Recommended packaging Tanks of stainless steel, aluminum, or polyester resin reinforced,

carbon steel drums.

Section 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

	ACGIH	MAK	OSHA	NIOSH	NIOSH
Substance	TLV-TWA	(mg/m^3)	PEL-TWA	REL-TWA	STEL
	(mg/m^3)		(mg/m^3)	(mg/m^3)	(mg/m^3)
Dioctly Phthalate	5	10	5	5	10

Recommended monitoring

procedures

The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of the chemical release. It is recommended that a safety shower and eye baths be available near the work site. Engineering controls are the most effective way of reducing product exposure.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Protective safety goggles.

Skin protection Protective gloves of rubber, nitrilic rubber, or neoprene, and

protective clothing.

Respiratory protection Half-face respirator for organic vapors. In cases of potential of

exposure, use a supplied air-respirator, full face-piece, operated in

positive-pressure mode.

 Hand protection
 Protective gloves of rubber, nitrilic rubber, or neoprene

 Special precautions
 Avoid wearing contact lenses while using this product

Hygiene measures Do not eat drink, or smoke while using this product. Wash hands

before eating, drinking, smoking, or going to the toilet. Take off all

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Color Liquid

Odor

Odorless to weak and characteristic

Material name: Dioctyl Phthalate Revision date: 7/10/2015 Magnakron Corporation 300 Rike Drive Millstone Twp., NJ 08535



Not applicable Melting point/Freezing point -50° C (-58° F)

Boiling point 386° C (727° F) a 760mmHg Flash point 215° C (419° F) (open cup) Very low. Butyl acetate = 1 **Evaporation rate**

0.3% v/v (245° C / 474° F) Flammability limits in air, lower

% by volume

Flammability limits in are, upper Not available

% by volume

 $0.01~\text{mmHg}~(20^{\circ}~\text{C})~\text{or}~1.20~\text{mmHg}~(200^{\circ}~\text{C})$ Vapor pressure

(25/25° C) 0.982

16 (Air = 1)Vapor density Relative density Not available

Solubility (H2O) Practically insoluble (<0.01 g/l) at 20° C

Octanol/H2O coeff Not available Not available **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available 62cP (25° C) Viscosity Specific Gravity Not available

Sectoin 10: Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Polymerization will not occur.

Possibility of hazardous Not available

reactions

Conditions to avoid Not available

Materials to avoid Strong oxidants, acid, and alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and

products fumes.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity LD₅₀ (oral, rats): 25000mg / Kg

LD₅₀ (dermic, rabbit): 25000mg / Kg

May cause nausea, abdominal colic, and diarrhea. May cause

throat and nose irritation and difficulty breathing.

May cause CNS depression.

Skin corrosion / irritation May cause skin irritation with redness and pain, burning sensation

Serious eye damage / irritation May cause eye irritation, with redness, pain, burning sensation,

lacrimation, photophobia, conjunctivitis, edema, and keratitis.

A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to Carcinogenicity

humans (ACGIH, 2009)

B2: Probably human carcinogen (USEPA, 2002)

Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to

humans (IARC)

May damage fertility Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child

Animal tests show that this substance possibly causes toxicity to

human reproduction or development

Section 12: Ecological Information

Eco toxicity May cause harmful effects to aquatic life

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LC₅₀ (Daphnia sp.) 48h = 11 mg/L LC₅₀ (Salmo gairdneri), 96h = 100 mg/L

Mobility Immobile in soil

Persistence / degradability

It is expected that this product presents rapid degradability.

Bioaccumulation potential

It is expected bioaccumulation in aquatic organisms.

BCF: 115-851 NOEC < 1.0 mg/mL

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions Prior to implementing land disposal of waste residue (including

waste sludge), consult local legislation for adequate disposal methods. Empty containers can retain product residues and should be disposed of in accordance with the provisions proposed for the

product.

Contaminated packaging Not available

Section 14: Transport Information

Land UN – "United Nations"

Recommendations on the TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS

GOODS. Model regulations, 15th Edition, 2007. IMO – "International Maritime Organization"

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) –

Incorporating Amendment 34-08; 2008 Edition.

Air IATA – "International Air Transport Association"

Dangerous Goods Regulation (DGR) – 51st Edition, 2010

UN classification number Not regulated

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US federal regulations REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of December 18, 2006

CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity

Not available

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Not available
Section 302 extremely Not available

hazardous substances

Section 311 hazardous Not available

chemical

Sea

Section 16: Other Information

HMIS® ratings Not available
NFPA ratings Health Hazard: 1

Fire Hazard: 1 Reactivity: 0





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Issue date

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